

Roll No.

Total No. of Pages : 02

Total No. of Questions : 09

B.Tech.(ME) (2011 Onwards) (Sem.-4)

**APPLIED THERMODYNAMICS-II**

Subject Code : BTME-404

M.Code : 59132

Time : 3 Hrs.

Max. Marks : 60

**INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES :**

1. SECTION-A is COMPULSORY consisting of TEN questions carrying TWO marks each.
2. SECTION-B contains FIVE questions carrying FIVE marks each and students have to attempt any FOUR questions.
3. SECTION-C contains THREE questions carrying TEN marks each and students have to attempt any TWO questions.

**SECTION-A**

**1. Answer briefly :**

- a) Write the different applications of compressed air.
- b) List the advantages of multistage compression.
- c) Define 'degree of reaction' in relation to axial flow compressor.
- d) What is surging?
- e) Write the merits and demerits of axial flow compressor.
- f) Mention the application of gas turbine.
- g) Name the various modes of energy transfer in impeller.
- h) List the requirements of a gas turbine combustion chamber.
- i) Define 'angle of attack'.
- j) Write name of different fuels used in the gas turbine.

10 × 2 = 20

## SECTION-B

2. Explain with a neat sketch the working of a single stage reciprocating compressor. 5
3. Distinguish between positive and non-positive displacement type compressors. 5
4. Comment on the validity of the statement : ‘*The thermodynamic efficiency of a centrifugal compressor is referred to adiabatic condition where as that of reciprocating compressor is referred to isothermal condition*’. 5
5. A jet propulsion system has to create a thrust of 90 tonnes to move the system at a velocity of 650 km/hr. Find the exit gas velocity and propulsion efficiency if the gas flow rate through the system is restricted to 25 kg/s.
6. State the difference between the jet propulsion and rocket propulsion system. 5

## SECTION-C

7. Set up the following expression for volumetric efficiency with respect to free air delivery,

$$\eta_{vol} = \frac{p_1 T_0}{p_0 T_1} \left[ 1 - C \left( \frac{p_2}{p_1} \right)^{1/n} \right]$$

Where the symbols in the expression have their usual meanings. 10

8. A two-cylinder double acting reciprocating compressor sucks in air at pressure 0.98 bar and temperature 300 K. The delivery of the compressed air to the receiver is at 6 bar. The breathing capacity of the compressor is stated to be 2.5 m<sup>3</sup>/min when measured at 1 bar and 228 K. The mean speed of the compressor is limited to 120 mm/minute and the stroke is 0.75 times the cylinder diameter. If the law of compression is  $pV^3$ , make calculation for (a) Cylinder diameter and stroke length (b) Compressor speed in rev/min (c) Shaft power if the mechanical efficiency is 85% (d) isothermal efficiency.

Neglect the effect of clearance and piston rod diameter. 10

9. Sketch Brayton cycle on  $p-v$  and  $T-s$  plots and derive a relation for its thermal efficiency in terms of pressure ratio. 10

**NOTE : Disclosure of Identity by writing Mobile No. or Making of passing request on any page of Answer Sheet will lead to UMC against the Student.**